

BANGOR DAILY NEWS

BY BOUTELLE BROTHERS.

STEREOTYPED AS SECOND
CLASS MAIL MATTER

BANGOR, MAINE, TUESDAY, AUGUST 27, 1895.

Price Three Cents.

VOL. LXII.—NO. 204.

IVORY SOAP

94¢ 100 PURE

At all grocery stores two sizes of Ivory soap are sold one that costs five cents a cake, and a larger size. The larger cake is the more convenient and economical for laundry and general household use. If your grocer is out of it insist on his getting it for you.

The Phoebe & Gable Co., Cents.

AFTER THE SUMMER VACATION

You will find that your boys are in need of

WINTER CLOTHING

It is also the New and Nobby things we are getting in for the Boys

CHEAP? Well, That Depends.

It's Value You Want.

STILL, WE HAVE SOME SPECIAL THINGS.

Fox Colorant Pants sizes 4 to 14, on 50 cts.

For Children Pant Best Grade only.

Fox Solo Suits, child wear, no shoddy out.

In fine English and full effects out in of

YOUNG MEN'S NOBBY SUITS

Colorful Tailored Suits

Bangor Clothing Store

MEYER M. LEVY, Prop.,

101 Exchange St.

SEAL V.T.H.

To All Visitors to the EASTERN
MAINE FAIR.

We want you to know that our stock of Groceries is the
finest and most complete in Eastern Maine, our prices are
low and we extend a cordial invitation to you to visit our
store and inspect our stock and get our prices.

We make a specialty of all kinds of Fruits, receiving it
every morning by express.

All orders are fully packed and delivered F. O. B. cars,
free of express.

JAMES H. SNOW & CO.

15 & 17 WEST MARKET SQUARE

F.O.R., F.O.R.,

F.O.R.

selected by Mr. Hillsell

Wasbourn & Crosby Four for \$2.40

21 Souley's Best for \$2.45

Best Pastry Flour, \$3.75

New flour every day for winter. We warrant every barrel

W.H. & J. & C. LEADERS

Leading Grocers of Eastern Maine.

TELEPHONE 6-2.

WHILE AT THE FAIR

ENTHUSIASTIC AND REPRODUCING LINE OF

DOC ATES, ETS., ETC. JOBS

AND BUILDING TRIM OF ALL KINDS

Vorse & Company,

Valley Avenue.

Bangor, Maine.

At the LEADING CAST IRON MARKET

TO-DAY CAN BE FOUND

Spring Chickens, Turkeys, Fowl, Veal, Lamb, etc., also

Egg Plant, Cauliflower, Celery, Tennis-ball Lettuce, Tomatoes, Corn, Wax and Green Beans, Peas, Cucumbers, etc.

Call and order your dinner from

LYNCH'S MARKET,

Exchange St.

GREAT VALUE

FOR LITTLE MONEY.

THE WEEKLY COURIER

A SPECIAL CONTRACT enables us to offer this splendid journal and

The Weekly Courier" for

ONE YEAR FOR ONLY \$1.25,

CASE IN ADVANCE.

(The regular subscription for the two papers is \$2.00.)

SUBSCRIPTIONS MAY BEGIN AT ANY TIME.

Address all orders to

THE COURIER.

Write your name and address on a postal card, send it to Geo. W. Best, Room 3

Teleone 2112, New York City, and a sample copy of THE NEW YORK

WEEKLY TRIBUNE will be mailed to you.

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THE NATIONAL GAME. QUADRUPLE LYNCHING. SUFFERED AGONY. THE SIR KNIGHTS.

The Champions Lose at Lews—Mob of Masked Men Break into Thine Hundred Persons Poisoned Boston the Scene of Bustle and

to Monday. Jail.

Pawtucket Wins from the Augustas by Four Murderers Taken Out and Strung Up Taken Ill Shortly After Dinner and Suffered Commanderies Arriving on Every Train

Heavy Battling.

New Bedford Wins at Portland Through Officers Did Not Learn Intentions of Crowd Religious Camp Turned into a Hospital The Great Parade to Start at 10 O'clock

Day's Pitching. Until Too Late.

Heavy Battling. For The Victims.

FOREIGN NEWS

HAVRE, Aug. 26. President Faure

was still present standing at his desk to receive visitors, but he did not go to the admiral's bunks or to the United States navy, a number of officers of the United States steamship San Francisco which now is in this harbor, and Mr. Chauvelot, the American consul

An Interview with Ex Consul

Walter.

PARIS, Aug. 26. President Faure

and the American Ambassador, and Mr. Alexander, counsel for the embassy, returned to-day from Chartres prison where they had been confined since yesterday morning. Walter, American ex consul to Madagascar, who is in prison there, they were allowed

to converse with Walter privately alone. The rules of the prison provide

that visitors shall not be admitted

in the presence of the condemned

in the presence of his wife, except

in the presence of his

BY BOUTELLE BROTHERS.

All business letters should be addressed to Boutelle Brothers, and correspondence intended for publication should be addressed to "Editor of THE PLACER."

TUESDAY, AUGUST 22, 1895.

STATE OF MAINE.



PROCLAMATION

BY THE GOVERNOR.

Be it known, etc., that the first Monday in September of each year has been specially set apart.

LABOR'S LEGAL PUBLIC HOLIDAY.

It is a deserving recognition of the cause of labor and merit a general observance throughout the land.

Given at the Council Chamber, at Augusta, the twenty-second day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, and of the independence of the United States of America one hundred and seventeen.

JOHN R. LEAVES,

BUTTELLE BROTHERS,

Secretary of State.

End of the Fiasco

The last-drawnish scheme to use the Kentucky Democratic convention for the purpose of misleading the people into the belief that the party had forsaken its free silver tendencies and swung over to the so-called "sound money" platform of the administration, has proved a total fiasco. In order that there may be no misunderstanding concerning the utter failure of this cheap political trick, we quote the following account of the meeting called for the purpose of disciplining the candidate for governor from the columns of the New York *Herald*, a thick and thin administration organ:

KYOTO, KY., Aug. 21, 1895.—The extraordinary plan of summoning candidates to a meeting to be held in the state capital in order that the principal candidate might be disciplined to conform with the platform has been tried by Kentucky Democrats without success.

General Hardin has neither been convinced by the error of his ways nor has he consented to harmonize the party by withdrawing from the race for Governor. The other candidates who would not withdraw their names from the ballot, with the solitary exception of Richard Tyler, nominee for Lieutenant Governor, he is supported by the other candidates.

The candidate had to adjourn with nothing more accomplished than the agreement that hereafter the currency question shall be eliminated from the campaign, if possible. Through the efforts of the state leaders he has withdrawn his name from the ground. In short, Mr. Hardin's course on the stamp was sustained, and as the raged attempt of patching together the ragged fragments tenanted with him.

He who was a noisy barker when the candidate and the candidates, Chairman Long had invited the editors of the city Democratic newspapers to present, but as the silverites were dismally failing to turn them out under the committee and candidates were left to their own devices.

Mr. Long called the conference to order in a speech which occupied twenty minutes. He said there could be no discussion of the stamp, as the candidates had taken on the money question. All over the city and state much money was spent, but a greater sum had won in the Convention, and was safely sacrificed by a candidate who was attempting to make his party platform.

Something had to be done, and this time it had to be done, and this was the time to do it.

General Hardin, who is to be found in sound mind, told the candidates to see that he indorses the candidate and party man what General Hardin was doing, declaiming the no candidate, in view of the position he had taken, could be followed. He scouted the idea of Richard Tyler leaving from the race.

Richard Tyler, candidate for Lieutenant Governor, unequivocally said that he did not want to speak of sound money, in order that the influences of the head of the ticket might be on the right side.

Mr. Hardin made a short, but warm speech. He did not recite one iota from the position he had taken, on the financial question. He confided he was standing on the platform and was not in conflict with it. When he closed there was a warm applaud from the cheering mass present.

Hardin said he would submit to a candidate and party, but he would not yield to the demands of the majority to continue the platform and stand by it. His purpose of continuing to speak of sound money, in order that the influences of the head of the ticket might be on the right side.

At the end of the meeting, Hardin, who is to be found in sound mind, told the candidates to see that he indorses the candidate and party man what General Hardin was doing, declaiming the no candidate, in view of the position he had taken, could be followed. He scouted the idea of Richard Tyler leaving from the race.

All the candidates withdrew from the meeting after agreeing with the opinion of Mr. Tyler, to stand by him in his or in their party, leaving the committee to deliberate over the situation.

It was finally decided there was nothing to be done, but accept the situation, and a subcommittee was appointed to prepare an address urging all Democrats to stand by the ticket. This committee, composed of Chairman Long and H. P. Thompson, Baron Kennedy "Gus," Richardson and Uey Weston, Messrs. Long and Thompson, and sound money, the other are free.

Mr. Weston was present at the beginning of the conference, but while they were discussing whether any others than candidates and the committee on should be allowed to be in the room. In the *Herald*, however, it is written he warned the party that nothing could come out of the conference, and closed with these words:

"The *Herald* is nowise responsible for the situation. Last and early it has warned the party leaders of the impending catastrophe. It would make sacrifices for the sake of the organization, but stands by its principles and those which have been upheld by its friends. We can believe them sincere, emboldened by the bounds of reasonable apathy.

After packing the convention with office-holders the administration did not dare attempt any specific declaration on the currency question, but contented itself with the adoption of the Chicago plank. That plank never was anything but a strata intended to be used as meaning one thing here and another there and was so designated by the Republicans at the time. Now we have democratic confirmation of the utter worthlessness of this much heralded "sound money" declaration. The Democratic candidate for Governor, who is a radical free silver man, has been preaching his financial heresies on the stump and whenever he accounted informed his critics that he was standing on the party platform. On the other hand the candidate for Lieutenant-Governor, who is an administration "sound money" man, declares that he is "standing on the party platform," which he contends has a meaning entirely different from that given by the head of the ticket.

It will thus be seen that the "sound money" bubble with which the administration has been trying has exploded and the party stands just where it has always stood on the currency question. The Kentucky convention was the rock of the campaign of misrepresentation inaugurated in Washington. There is

not a sensible man in or out of the party who did not know that the attempt to pose Kentucky Democracy as advocating sound money in the true sense of the term was a hollow farce, but it was hoped that the game of deception would not be officially exposed until after the election. In this the party displayed genuine Democratic stupidity. It was impossible from the nature of the circumstances to prevent an open rupture, and it has come with a vengeance.

The attempt of the administration forces to call Candidate Hardin down has resulted in a dismal failure. The Kentucky Democrats, true to past convictions, maintained a free silver ticket and they propose to have a free silver campaign. This fact was plain to all in the conference, every candidate on the ticket with one exception agreeing with Hardin's free silver construction of the platform, over which the Boston *Herald* and other dishonest *Mugwumps* waxed so eloquent as affixing a declaration in advocacy of "sound money," and the Cleveland-Carlisle managers finally decided there was nothing to be done but accept the situation" and issue an address "warning all Democrats to stand by the ticket."

The *Herald* should now ring down the curtain on the farce it has been foisted upon the people for weeks past. It is played out and the "sound money" demmes have retired from the field.

Where Business Has Improved.

We are pleased to inform the State for information that business is to learn what business has improved this year, owing to the enactment of the Gorman tariff with its lower rates of duty on imports from foreign countries. Some forty pages of the advance sheets of the August number of the Consular report give in detail the exports declared for the United States from different countries during the quarter ending March 31, 1895.

It is impossible to present all these imports in detail, but the total values of each country, comparing them with the totals for the corresponding quarter in 1894, show in each case the increased trade that has accrued to the different countries under the Gorman tariff. Out of a list of thirty-three different places it will be seen that in only five of them have the exports fallen off under the Gorman tariff, twenty-eight places showing more of their goods this year, since the late free trade Congress gave them the opportunity to do so by lowering our tariff. The list in detail, with the amount of increase or decrease in each case, is as follows:

EXPORTS FROM FOREIGN COUNTRIES FOR THREE MONTHS ENDING MARCH 31, 1895.

	Increased
From	
Austria-Hungary	\$63,325.11
Bulgaria	26,384.38
Cambodia	1,000.00
Canada	1,000.00
Costa Rica	12,287.00
Denmark	20,636.76
Finland	1,000.00
Greece	1,000.00
India	16,516.92
Indonesia	22,570.00
Ireland	1,000.00
Japan	15,286.00
Lithuania	1,000.00
Malta	1,000.00
North Africa	1,000.00
Peru	1,000.00
Russia	1,000.00
Sweden	1,000.00
Turkey	1,000.00
U.S.A.	1,000.00
U.S.S.R.	1,000.00
Venezuela	1,000.00
Wales	1,000.00
Yugoslavia	1,000.00
Total	\$1,415,455.50
From	
Austria-Hungary	4,000,724.21
Bulgaria	963,325.11
Cambodia	1,000.00
Canada	1,000.00
Costa Rica	12,287.00
Denmark	20,636.76
Finland	1,000.00
Greece	1,000.00
India	16,516.92
Indonesia	22,570.00
Ireland	1,000.00
Japan	15,286.00
Lithuania	1,000.00
Malta	1,000.00
Peru	1,000.00
Russia	1,000.00
Sweden	1,000.00
Turkey	1,000.00
U.S.A.	1,000.00
U.S.S.R.	1,000.00
Venezuela	1,000.00
Wales	1,000.00
Yugoslavia	1,000.00
Total	\$1,415,455.50

Imports from Bar Harbor 5 TONS AT BAR HARBOR 5

From	Increased
Alaska	\$1.40
Bar Harbor	1.40
Penobscot	1.40
Ellsworth	.90
From Bar Harbor 10 AM	1.40
Returning, leave Bar Harbor 4:15 P.M.	1.40
PAYS STICKER.	1.40
TIME & AGENT.	1.40
WEIGHT.	1.40
TELEGRAPH.	1.40

POPULAR EXCURSIONS

TO

SATURDAY, AUGUST 24, 1895,

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